EDEN LEISURE GROUP LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER 2014

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2014

Directors:- Mr. Ian De Cesare (Chairman of the Board)

Mr. Kevin De Cesare (Managing Director)
Mr. Simon De Cesare (Executive Director)

Mr. David Vella (Executive Director) (resigned on 6th January 2015)

Bankers:- HSBC Bank Malta p.l.c.,

Commercial Branch, Republic Street,

Valletta.

Registered office:- Eden Place,

St. Augustine Street, St. George's Bay.

St. Julians.

Auditors:- VCA Certified Public Accountants,

Finance House,

Princess Elizabeth Street,

Ta' Xbiex.

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and the Company for the year ending 31st December 2014.

Principal activities

The Group is Malta's leading operator in the Leisure and Hospitality industry. The establishments operated by the Group include Eden Cinemas, Eden SuperBowl, Cynergi Health & Fitness Club, 89.7 Bay (Radio), InterContinental Arena Conference Centre and the Eden Car Park. The Group owns the largest five star property, InterContinental Malta, which is operated by InterContinental Hotel Group.

Review of the business

In 2014, the Group achieved an EBITDA of ϵ 6.2m with Group revenues reaching ϵ 26.4m. These results have been achieved in a year in which the Group started its new Capital projects programme for 2014-2016 with total investments of ϵ 25m. This has brought with it one-time costs and events which effected the results for the year.

In order to undergo a number of disruptive tasks linked to the new projects, the hotel operation was closed between the 11th November 2014 and 31st December 2014, during which period all employees have been retained with costs for the Group estimated at €550,000. The Hotel resumed operations with 100 rooms on the 10 February 2015 and will ramp up to full capacity by end of April 2015.

The results for 2014 also include one-time charges of €133,000 for professional fees and legal charges on the new property acquisitions and new loan facilities for the entire project entered into during the year.

Adjusted EBITDA results, before one-time charges and closure costs, for the operations for the year is estimated at €6.8m a 6% increase on 2013 figures.

The hospitality operations continued to show growth during 2014 with healthy levels of occupancy and a 10% increase in the average daily rate year on year. The adjusted EBITDA for the hospitality operation showed a 12% growth on 2013.

The entertainment portfolio shed 6% from revenues with cinema attendances continued to decline due to a poor film slate especially over summer as production studios moved away from competing with a major event like the FIFA World Cup. The Bay Arena was also closed for refurbishing between May to September limiting the number of events that could be held. On the other hand Cynergi, Eden SuperBowl and 897 Bay showed revenue growths.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2014

Review of the business (continued)

The Eden Business Centre, with a total office space of 784 m², was leased out in full and this will add a new revenue stream for 2015.

The Group over the next two years will continue with its €25m capital expenditure projects. During 2014, we completed the purchase of the Gorgianis Hostel for demolition for the agreed price of €5.5m. Works have started to turn the property into a 100 room Holiday Inn Express operated by InterContinental Hotels Group. The extension of the InterContinental Malta with a hotel within a hotel concept will have an addition of 30 suites, total conversion of the hotel's existing 24 suites plus an additional new Executive Business Lounge, meeting room and new rooftop swimming pool on the 19th floor is well underway and should be completed by September 2015. The Bay Arena went through a total refit and has now been renamed the InterContinental Arena Conference Centre (IACC) Seven new separate meeting rooms have been added to the IACC.

After an expression of interest issued by the Government of Malta, the Group was awarded a 10 year Casino concession in December and works are underway to convert 3000m² space which will eventually be leased out to the operating company. This will be a further revenue stream addition for the Group.

In 2014 the Group bought back and cancelled \in 149,000 of Eden Finance Bonds as part of its sinking fund obligations, to date a total of \in 1,016,000 was cancelled out of the original \in 15m 2020 Bond issued.

The Group's interest cash cover stood at 3 times for 2014.

The Board of Directors remain confident that the Group will continue to show growth and development in line with the current economic conditions we operate in.

Dividends

Net interim dividends to the ordinary shareholders issued during the year ended 31st December 2014 amounted to €200,000 (2013: €400,000). These dividends were paid out of taxed profits.

Results

The statement of comprehensive income is set out on page 6.

Directors

The directors in office during the year and after year end are listed on page 1. The directors shall continue in office in accordance with the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association.

Post balance sheet events

There were no particular important events affecting the Company which occurred since the end of the accounting period.

Future developments

All the capital projects currently being undertaken will be fully complete and operational by mid 2016, by which time all the new income streams would have been added to the current business mix.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 2014

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are required by the Companies Act (Chap. 386) to prepare financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company at the end of each financial year and of the profit or loss for the year then ended.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors should:-

- adopt the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and the Company will continue in the business:
- select suitable accounting polices and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent:
- account for income and charges relating to the accounting period on the accruals basis;
- value separately the components of asset and liability items; and
- report comparative figures corresponding to those of the preceding accounting period.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and the Company and which enable the directors to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act (Chap. 386), enacted in Malta. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and of the Company, and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint VCA Certified Public Accountants as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

This report was approved by the board of directors on the 30th April 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr. Ian DeCesare

Chairman of the Board

Mr. Kevin DeCesare
Managing Director



VCA Certified Public Accountants

Finance House, First Floor, Princess Elizabeth Street, Ta' Xbiex, XBX 1102, Malta. t: (+356) 21 333 680 f: (+356) 21 335 679 e: info@vca.com.mt

w: www.vca.com.mt

Vat No. MT 2158 - 7124

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF

EDEN LEISURE GROUP LIMITED

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Eden Leisure Group Limited on pages 6 to 38, which comprise the Group's and the Company's statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the statement of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU and the requirements of the Companies Act (Chap. 386), enacted in Malta and for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



VCA Certified Public Accountants

Finance House, First Floor, Princess Elizabeth Street, Ta' Xbiex, XBX 1102, Malta.

t: (+356) 21 333 680 f: (+356) 21 335 679 e: info@vca.com.mt w: www.vca.com.mt

Vat No. MT 2158 - 7124

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF

EDEN LEISURE GROUP LIMITED

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2014, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU, and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act (Chap. 386), enacted in Malta.

Report and other legal and regulatory requirements

We are also responsible under the Companies Act (Chap. 386), enacted in Malta to report to you if, in our opinion:

- The information given in the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements.
- Proper accounting records have not been kept.
- The financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records.
- We have not received all the information and explanations required for the audit.
- Certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made in the financial statements, giving the required particulars in our report.

We have nothing to report to you in respect of these responsibilities.

CHAEL CURMI

VCA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Finance House, First Floor, Princess Elizabeth Street, Ta' Xbiex, XBX 1102

30th April 2015

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014

	Notes		Group	Cor	mpany
		2014 €	2013 €	2014 €	2013 €
Revenue	4	26,440,358	27,124,680	6,500,112	6,945,067
Costs Direct costs Other operating expenses		(12,299,786) (5,080,173)	(12,786,270) (5,214,082)	(4,310) (58,454)	(47,149) (72,898)
		(17,379,959)	(18,000,352)	(62,764)	(120,047)
Other operating income	5	111,513	164,609	119,953	180,469
Gross profit		9,171,912	9,288,937	6,557,301	7,005,489
Administrative expenses Depreciation and amortisation		(2,999,500) (2,985,641)	(2,893,528) (2,971,966)	(745,087) (2,846,214)	(317,703) (2,830,254)
Operating profit		3,186,771	3,423,443	2,966,000	3,857,532
Share of losses in associated undertakings Gain on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss Finance costs	6	(471) 147,055 (2,068,508)	(471) 369,539 (2,124,329)	147,055 (2,056,090)	369,539 (2,115,724)
Loss on sale of fixed assets Profit on local quoted investments Impairment of financial assets		(102,196) 867 -	(24,760) 10,316 (25,000)	(102,196) 867	(24,760) 10,316 (25,000)
		(2,023,253)	(1,794,705)	(2,010,364)	(1,785,629)
Profit before taxation	7	1,163,518	1,628,738	955,636	2,071,903
Tax expense	9	(440,273)	(309,289)	(337,159)	(475,399)
Profit for the year		723,245	1,319,449	618,477	1,596,504
Total comprehensive income for the year		723,245	1,319,449	618,477	1,596,504
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the company		723,245	1,319,449 =====	618,477	1,596,504 ======

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2014

	Notes	C	roup	Coı	npany
		2014	2013	2014	2013
ASSETS		€	€	€	€
Non-current assets					
Intangible assets	10	11,700	14,040	11,700	14,040
Property, plant and equipment	11	86,495,651	88,673,273	80,795,876	82,834,071
Property, plant and equipment under development	12	7,634,254	-	7,634,254	-
nvestment property	13	3,247,415	3,026,610	3,247,415	3,026,610
Investment in group undertaking	14	-	· · ·	2,575,110	2,575,110
investment in associated undertakings	14	721,307	721,778	575,048	575,048
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	14	-	116,363	~	116,363
		98,110,327	92,552,064	94,839,403	89,141,242
Current assets					
Inventories	15	1,287,505	1,265,740	1,134,872	1,061,176
Trade and other receivables	16	3,578,588	4,710,647	5,042,907	6,145,804
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	14	-	614,340	-,- ·-,- · · ·	614,340
Cash at bank and in hand	• •	772,857	1,113,532	584,749	25,607
		5,638,950	7,704,259	6,762,528	7,846,927
Total Assets		103,749,277	100,256,323	101,601,931	96,988,169
Capital and reserves Called up issued share capital Revaluation reserve Fair value gains reserve Retained earnings	21 22	35,000,000 7,082,118 396,236 1,739,217 44,217,571	35,000,000 7,498,263 396,236 799,827 43,694,326	35,000,000 5,515,264 396,236 10,839,462 51,750,962	35,000,000 5,903,982 396,236 10,032,267 51,332,485
Non-current liabilities		*			
Trade and other payables	19	274,176	501,102	16,509	9,201
Interest-bearing borrowings	20	35,629,379	<i>31,651,729</i>	34,963,105	30,890,072
Deferred tax liabilities	17	7,359,149	6,918,876	7,794,334	7,457,175
		43,262,704	39,071,707	42,773,948	38,356,448
Current liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value					
through profit or loss	18	598,880	745,935	598,880	745,935
Trade and other payables	19	9,671,504	10,102,506	2,837,117	2,912,503
- ·	20	5,998,618	6,641,849	3,641,024	3,640,798
Interest-bearing borrowings	20	5,996,016			
		16,269,002	17,490,290	7,077,021	7,299,236
Total Liabilities	Л	59,531,706	56,561,997	49,850,969	45,655,684
Total Equity and Liabilities		103,749,277	100,256,323	101,601,931	96,988,169

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on the 30th April 2015 and signed on its behalf by:-

Mr. Ian De Cesare - Chairman

Mr. Kevin De Cesare - Managing Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014

Group	Share	Revaluation	Unrealised fair	r Retained	Total
	capital	reserve	value gains reserve	earnings	
	€	€	€	€	€
Balance at 31 st December 2012	26,000,000	16,914,408	396,236	(535,767)	42,774,877
Profit for the year Share issue by way of capitalisation of revaluation reserve Difference between historical depreciation charge and actual depreciation for the year	- 9,000,000	- (9.000,000)	-	1,319,449 -	1,319,449 -
calculated on a revalued amount Dividends	-	(416,145) -	-	416.145 (400.000)	(400,000)
Balance at 31st December 2013	35,000,000	7,498,263	396,236	799,827	43,694,326
Profit for the year Difference between historical depreciation charge and actual depreciation for the year		-	-	723,245	723,245
calculated on a revalued amount Dividends	-	(416,145) -	<u>-</u>	416,145 (200,000)	(200,000)
Balance at 31st December 2014	35,000,000	7,082,118	396,236	1,739,217	44,217,571
Company					
	Share capital	Revaluation reserve	Unrealised fair value gains reserve	Retained earnings	Total
	€	€	€	€	€
Balance at 31 st December 2012	26,000,000	15,292,700	396,236	8,447,045	50,135,981
Profit for the year Share issue by way of capitalisation of revaluation reserve Difference between historical depreciation charge and actual depreciation for the year	9,000,000	- (9,000,000)	-	1.596,504 -	1,596,504 -
calculated on a revalued amount Dividends	-	(388,718) -	-	388,718 (400,000)	- (400,000)
Balance at 31 st December 2013	35,000,000	5,903,982	396,236	10,032,267	51,332,485
Profit for the year Difference between historical depreciation charge and actual depreciation for the year	u	-		618,477	618,477
calculated on a revalued amount Dividends	-	(388,718) -	-	388,718 (200,000)	(200,000)
Balance at 31st December 2014	35,000,000	5,515,264	396,236	10,839,462	51,750,962

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014

No	te C	Group	Coi	npany
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	$oldsymbol{\epsilon}$	€	€
Cashflow from operating activities Profit before taxation	1 1/2 #10			
From before taxation	1,163,518	1,628,738	955,636	2,071,903
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortisation	2,985,641	2,971,966	2,846,214	2,830,254
inance costs	2,026,776	2,072,829	2,014,358	2,072,829
nvestment income	(1,214)	(11,423)	(9,654)	(27,283
oss on disposal of fixed assets	102,196	104,218	102,196	104,218
air value movement in financial instruments	(147,055)	(369,539)	(147,055)	(369,539
remium on cancellation of bonds/repayment of loan	3,273	9,793	3,273	9,793
lovement in provision for doubtful debts	54,775	23,354	•	-
Amortisation of finance issue costs	41,398	41,429	41,398	41,429
Novement in share of assets in associates	471	471	-	-
mpairment of financial assets	-	25,000	-	25,000
Operating profit before working capital changes	6,229,779	6,496,836	5,806,366	6,758,604
Novement in stocks	(21.765)	(164.506)	(52 (06)	
Novement in receivables / group company balances	(21,765) (70,216)	(164,506)	(73,696)	(119.568
Novement in payables		27,450 (88,404)	(74,353)	(1,129,119
To vernous in payables	(296,834)	(00,404)	323,717	636,827
ash generated from operations	5,840,964	6,271,376	5,982,034	6,146,744
nterest paid	(2,018,620)	(2,105,238)	(2,007,153)	(2.120.812)
let cash flows from operating activities	3,822,344	4,166,138	3,974,881	4,025,932
Cashflow from investing activities				
ayments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(7,615,434)	(2,110,166)	(7,615,434)	(2,110,167)
ayments to acquire local quoted investments	(35,910)	(358.275)	(35,910)	(358,275
ayments to acquire shares in subsidiaries and associates	-	(25,000)	•	(25,000)
nterest received	1,214	11,423	9,654	27,283
Deposit on promise of sale	-	(1.147.500)	-	(1,147,500)
Disposal of bonds	149,000	498,000	149,000	498,000
let cash flows used in investing activities	(7,501,130)	(3,131,518)	(7,492,690)	(3.115,659)
				
ashflow from financing activities				
epayment of bank borrowings	(2,495,359)	(2,206,795)	(2,404,842)	(2,119,999)
lew bank borrowings	7,500,000	700,000	7,500,000	700,000
Pividends	(200,000)	(400,000)	(200,000)	(400,000)
ancellation of bonds / Repayment of related party loan	(149,000)	(498,000)	(149,000)	(498,000)
fovement in directors' balances	(369,250)	500,212	(369,250)	500,212
let cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	4,286,391	(1,904,583)	4,376,908	(1,817,787)
et movement in cash and cash equivalents	607,605	(869,963)	859,099	(907,514)
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(2,566,048)	(1,696,085)	(744,821)	162,693
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 24				
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 24	(1,958,443)	(2,566,048)	114,278	(744.821)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU and in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, (Chap. 386), enacted in Malta.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the fair valuation of the non-current asset categories of property, plant and equipment, investment property and certain financial instruments, which are stated at their fair values.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

For financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

The financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU and in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1995.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the fair valuation of the non-current asset categories of property, plant and equipment and investment property.

The entertainment business saw revenues declined by 6% in 2014 through a mix of increases and decreases in the various business units. The Cynergi Health and Fitness Club continued to show growth and was the best overall performer.

The hospitality operation remained the largest contributor of the group business contributing 75% of EBITDA for the year. The hospitality operations continued to show growth during 2014 with healthy levels of occupancy and a 10% increase in the average daily rate year on year. The adjusted EBITDA for the hospitality operation showed a 12% growth on 2013.

The positive trend in the hospitality industry is continuing in 2015 and growth is expected in both revenue and EBITDA. A healthy MICE business and ever growing online business markets are the main drivers of improvement in 2015.

The Group is currently undertaking major investments that will increase its competitiveness in the market place. Cost consciousness is still essential however the customer experience is paramount. Diversifying its food and beverage options remains a key objective within the hotel as well as exploiting any areas within the group as rental opportunities.

Borrowing arrangements made with the lenders of Eden Leisure Group Limited, namely HSBC Bank (Malta) p.l.c. and Lombard Bank Malta p.l.c are in place and all obligations to date have been met.

In 2014 the Group bought back and cancelled €149,000 of Eden Finance Bonds as part of its sinking fund obligations and expects to continue the process of setting aside assets to eventually be in a position to redeem 50% of the outstanding €15million bond in 2020 or earlier as per the prospectus.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are satisfied that the Group has sufficient funds in order to meet its commitments in the foreseeable future and it is therefore appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern assumption in the preparation of these financial statements. These financial statements do not include any adjustments should the above strategies not materialise.

Standards, interpretations and amendments to published standards effective in 2014

In 2014, the Group adopted new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are mandatory for the Group's accounting period beginning on 1 January 2014. The adoption of these revisions to the requirements of IFRSs as adopted by the EU did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies.

Standards, interpretations and amendments to published standards that are not yet effective

Certain new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published by the date of authorisation for issue of these financial statements but are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning after 1st January 2015. The Group has not early adopted these revisions to the requirements of IFRS's as adopted by the EU and the Company's directors are of the opinion that there are no requirements that will have a possible significant impact on the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application.

2. Principal accounting policies

A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below:-

Basis of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company controls another entity.

The Group financial statements include the financial statements of the parent Company and all its subsidiaries. The results of the subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the Group statement of comprehensive income from the date of their acquisition or up to date of their disposal.

(ii) Associated undertakings

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's share of profits of associated undertakings is included in the Group statement of comprehensive income, whilst the Group's share of post acquisition reserves is added to the cost of the investments in the Group statement of financial position. The Group's share of losses in associated undertakings is only included in the Group's financial statements up to the par value of the shares held by the investing Company in the associated undertakings. The financial results of associated undertakings are taken from the latest audited financial statements.

(iii) Jointly controlled entities

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby the Company and other parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control, that is when the strategic financial and operating decisions relating to the activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Joint venture arrangements which involve the establishment of a separate entity in which each venturer has an interest are referred to as jointly controlled entities.

The Group's share of profits of the jointly controlled entity is included in the Group statement of comprehensive income, whilst the Group's share of post acquisition reserves is added to the cost of the investments in the Group statement of financial position. The Group's share of losses in jointly controlled entities is only included in the Group's financial statements up to the par value of the shares held by the investing Company in the jointly controlled entity. The financial results of jointly controlled entities are taken from the latest audited financial statements.

(iv) Eliminations on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised gains arising from the intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the enterprise, against the investment in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognised if it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. The useful life of intangible assets is assessed to determine whether it is finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with a finite useful life are amortised. Amortisation is charged to profit or loss so as to write off the cost of intangible assets less any estimated residual value, over their estimated useful lives. The amortisation method applied, the residual value and the useful life are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Property, plant & equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost and subsequently, property is stated at market value, based on valuations by external independent valuers, less depreciation. Valuations are carried out at regular intervals, unless the directors consider it appropriate to have an earlier revaluation, such that the carrying amount of property does not defer materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period. Plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Assets in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are classified as property, plant and equipment under development and are carried at cost, less any identified impairment loss. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are available for use.

Costs include expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Expenditure on repairs and maintenance of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an expense when incurred.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation are credited to the revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged against the revaluation reserve; all other decreases are charged to the income statement. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset (the depreciation charged to the income statement) and depreciation based on the assets original costs, net of any related deferred taxes is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined by reference to their carrying amount and are taken into account in determining operating profit. On disposal of a revalued asset, amounts in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

Depreciation is provided on the straight line method at rates intended to write down the cost of the assets over their expected useful lives. The annual rates used are:

Freehold buildings	2%
Motor vehicles	20%
Furniture, fixtures and fittings	10%
Computer equipment	25%
Equipment	7%-20%
Other fixed assets	7%

Investment property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group, is classified as investment property. Investment property comprises freehold and leasehold land and buildings, and land and buildings held under long term operating leases.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discontinued cash flow projections.

These valuations are reviewed periodically by the Group directors.

The fair value of investment property reflects, among other factors, rental income from current leases and assumptions about rental income from future leases in the light of current market conditions. The fair value also reflects, on a similar basis, any cash outflows that could be expected in respect of the property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Investment property (continued)

Subsequent expenditure is charged to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the profit loss account during the financial period in which they are incurred. Changes in fair values are recorded in the income statement.

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment, and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for accounting purposes. Property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property is classified as property, plant and equipment and is stated at cost until construction or development is complete, at which time it is reclassified and subsequently accounted for as investment property.

An item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed, any difference resulting between the carrying amount and the fair value of this item at the date of transfer is recognised in equity as a revaluation of property, plant and equipment under IAS 16. However, if a fair value gain reverses a previous impairment loss, the gain is recognised in the income statement.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group companies become a party to contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized at their fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs for all financial assets or financial liabilities not classified at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when the Group companies have a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or when the entity transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished. This occurs when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(i) Investments

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets are as 'at fair value through profit or loss' (FVTPL), 'held-to-maturity investments', 'available-for-sale' (AFS) financial assets and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

The Group companies classify their financial assets at (FVTPL) as they are principally acquired for the purpose of selling in the near future.

Financial assets at (FVTPL) are stated at fair value, with any resultant gain or loss recognised in the profit and loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

(ii) Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised and subsequently measured at fair value. Fair values are obtained from discounted cash flow models. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative.

The Group designates interest rate swaps as hedges of the exposure to variability in interest rate movements which arise on bank borrowings. Changes in the fair value of interest rate swaps that are designated and qualify as fair value hedging instruments, are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(iii) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are classified with current assets and are stated at their nominal value. Appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amounts are recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

(iv) Trade and other payables

Trade payables are classified with current liabilities and are stated at their nominal value unless the effect of discounting is material, in which case trade payables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(v) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost, any difference between the proceeds and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method, unless the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the companies within the Group have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

(vi) Ordinary shares issued by the Company

Ordinary shares issued by the Company are classified as equity instruments. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method and comprises expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the price at which stocks can be sold in the course of business less anticipated costs of selling. Provision is made where necessary for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows and are presented in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group companies have a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Impairment

All assets are tested for impairment. At each balance sheet date, the carrying amount of assets is reviewed to determine whether there is any indication or objective evidence of impairment, as appropriate, and if any such indication or objective evidence exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. An impairment loss is the amount by which the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell (which is the amount obtainable from sale in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal) and value in use (which is the present value of future cash flows expected to be derived, discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset). Where the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount, as calculated. Impairment losses are recognized immediately in the income statement.

An impairment loss recognized in a prior year is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Impairment reversals are recognized immediately in the income statement.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, net of value added tax and discounts where applicable. Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Group and these can be measured reliably. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

- Sales from operations of the hotel and entertainment establishments are recognised upon the performance of services and supply of goods, net of sales taxes and discounts.
- Sales of property are recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the property being sold are effectively transferred to the buyer.
- Rental income relating to operating leases is recognised as it accrues, unless collectability is in doubt.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include the costs incurred in obtaining external financing.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised from the time that expenditure for these assets and borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare these assets for their intended use or sale are in progress. Borrowing costs are capitalised until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Borrowing costs are suspended during extended periods in which active development is interrupted. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Operating leases

(i) Where a Group company is a lessee

Leases of assets were a significant portion of the risk and rewards of ownership are effectively retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

(ii) Where a Group company is a lessor

Assets leased out under operating leases are included in investment property in the balance sheet. These assets are fair valued annually on a basis consistent with similarly owned investment property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Taxation

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the current and deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

The charge/credit for current tax is based on the taxable result for the period. The taxable result for the period differs from the result as reported in profit or loss because it excludes items which are non assessable or disallowed and it further excludes items that are taxable or deductible in other periods. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Under this method the Group companies are required to make a provision for deferred income taxes on the revaluation of certain fixed assets. Such deferred tax is charged or credited directly to the revaluation reserve. Deferred income tax on the difference between the actual depreciation on the property and the equivalent depreciation based on the historical cost of the property is realised through the income statement.

Under this method the Group companies are required to make a provision for deferred income taxes of the fair valuation of investment property.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets, including deferred tax assets for the carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits, are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences (or the unused tax losses and unused tax credits) can be utilised to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on the tax rates that have been enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the Group companies have a legally enforceable right to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Currency translation

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company are presented in their functional currency, the Euro, being the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates. Transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are translated at the exchange rates ruling on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are re-translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate ruling at year-end. Exchange differences arising on the settlement and on the re-translation of monetary items are dealt with in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency that are measured at fair value are re-translated using the exchange rate ruling on the date the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency that are measured in terms of historical cost are not re-translated. Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period.

Segment reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. Segmental reporting is restricted when it is considered arbitrary or difficult to segment an entities assets and liabilities.

Related parties

Related parties are those persons or bodies of persons having relationships with the Company as defined in International Accounting Standard No. 24.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the holders of equity instruments is recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government grants

Grants from government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants related to income are recognised in profit or loss over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Such grants are presented as part of profit or loss.

Government grants related to assets are presented in the statement of financial position by deducting the grant in arriving at the carrying amount of the asset. The grant is recognised as income over the life of the depreciable asset by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In the opinion of the Group's directors, except as follows, the accounting estimates and judgements made in the course of preparing these financial statements are not difficult, subjective or complex to a degree which would warrant their description as critical in terms of the requirements of IAS1 (revised).

Fair value of property, plant and equipment

Determining the fair value of property, plant and equipment requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment of the Group at the end of the reporting period was €94,129,905.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Business segments

For management purposes the Group is organised in two operating divisions – hospitality, entertainment and other related operations. These divisions are the basis of which the Group reports its primary segment information.

2014	Entertainment & other related operations	•	Total
	€	€	€
Revenue Less inter-segmental sales	6,670,194 (232,114)	20.011,590 (9,312)	26,681,784 (241,426)
	6,438,080	20,002,278	26,440,358
Segment results from operations	1,559,022	4,613,390	6,172,412
Depreciation and amortisation Share of losses of associates Gain on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss Finance costs Sale of non current assets Profit on local quoted investments	(875,015)	(2,110,626)	(2,985,641) (471) 147,055 (2,068,508) (102,196) 867
Profit before taxation			1,163,518
Tax expense			(440,273)
Profit for the year			723,245
Total comprehensive income for the year			723,245
Segment assets Unallocated assets	26.318,330	74,183,532	100,501,862 3.247.415
Total assets			103,749,277
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities	4,557,156	8,119,824	12,676,980 46.854,726 59,531,706

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Business segments (continued)

2013	Entertainment & other related operations €	Hospitality operations	Total €
	e	E	E
Revenue Less inter-segmental sales	7.224,165 (386,980)	20,296,807 (9,312)	27,520,972 (396,292)
	6,837,185	20,287,495	27,124,680
Segment results from operations Unallocated costs	1,856,221	4,584,516	6,440,737 (45,328)
			6,395,409
Depreciation and amortisation Share of losses of associates Gain on financial instruments designated	(888.693)	(2,083,273)	(2,971,966) (471)
at fair value through profit or loss			369.539
Finance costs			(2,124,329)
Sale of non current assets Profit on local quoted investments			(24,760)
Impairment on financial assets			10,316 (25,000)
Profit before taxation			1,628,738
Tax expense			(309,289)
Profit for the year			1,319,449
Total common to the language of the language o	•		1.010.110
Total comprehensive income for the year			1,319,449 ======
Segment assets Unallocated assets	32,255,050	64,243,960	96,499,010 3,757,313
Total assets			100,256,323
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	6.022,247	8,875,281	1 4,897,528 41,664,469
Total liabilities			56,561,997

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5.	Other operating income	G	roup	Company		
		2014	2013	2014	2013	
		€	ϵ	€	ϵ	
	Operating fees	110,299	153,186	110,299	153,186	
	Interest receivable	1,214	11,423	9,654	27,283	
		111,513	164,609	119,953	180,469	
6.	Finance costs					
	*	G	roup	Cor	npany	
		2014	2013	2014	2013	
		$oldsymbol{\epsilon}$	€	€	€	
	Interest on bank overdraft and borrowings	1,094,353	1,149,722	1,016,701	1,067,541	
	Interest on other loans	932,423	<i>931,712</i>	997,657	1,005,288	
	Borrowing transaction costs	41,732	42,895	41,732	42,895	
		2,068,508	2,124,329	2,056,090	2,115,724	
7.	Profit before taxation					
			roup		npany	
		2014	2013	2014	2013	
	This is stated after charging:	€	ϵ	€	ϵ	
	Directors' remuneration	361,845	356,097	355,703	347,711	
	Difference on exchange	-	11,987	555,765	547,711	
	Provision for doubtful debts	54,775	23,354	-	-	
	and after crediting: Difference on exchange	2,547				
	Difference on exchange	2,54/	-			

Profit before tax for the Group is also stated after charging the following fees in relation to services provided by the external auditors of the Group.

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	ϵ	€	ϵ
Total remuneration payable to the company's auditors for:				
- the audit of the Group's financial statements	29,056	29,056	8,153	8,153
- tax compliance and other non-assurance services	5,400	5,400	2,250	2,250
	34,456	34,456	10,403	10,403
				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8.	Staff costs and employee information				
			Group		npany
		2014 €	2013 €	2014 €	2013 €
	Wages and salaries	7,888,287	7,916,013	1,822,610	1,816,375
	Taxes and other benefits	933,576	919,851	110,875	109,822
		8,821,863	8,835,864	1,933,485	1,926,197
	Recharged to subsidiaries	-	-	(1,577,782)	(1,926,197)
		8,821,863	8,835,864	355,703	-
	The average weekly number of full time equivalents incl	luding director	rs employed by the	Company during	the year was:
			Group	C	ompany
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		Number		Number	Number
	Administrative	56	56	17	17
	Operational	413	441	83	87
		469	497	100	104
9.	Tax expense		Group		
		2014	Group		npany
		2014 €	2013 €	2014 €	2013 €
	Group undertakings:	Č	C	C	C
	Deferred tax charge	440,273	309,289	337,159	475,399
	Tax charge	-	-	-	-
		440,273	309,289	337,159	475,399
	Associated undertakings:				
	Tax charge	-	-	-	_
		440,273	309,289	337,159	475,399
			Group	Co	ompany
	The tax expense and the tax charge using the statutory	2014	2013	2014	2013
	income tax rate of 35% are reconciled as follows	€	€	€	ϵ
	Profit before taxation	1,163,518	1,628,738	955,636	2,071,903
	Tax charge at 35%	407,232	570,058	334,473	725,166
	Depreciation charges not deductible				
	for tax purposes by way of capital allowances	94,098	94,080	63,825	63,809
	Expenditure disallowed for tax purposes	1,845	13,092	1,295	12,173
	Tax effect of non-taxable income	(51,937)	(129,339)	(51,469)	(129,339)
	Deferred tax asset not recognised in prior year	(10,965)	(238,602)	(10,965)	(196,410)
	Tax expense	440,273	309,289	337,159	475,399

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10.	Intangible assets				
		Group		Company	
		2014	2013	2014 €	2013 €
		€	€	€	t
	Licences				
	Cost	23,400	23,400	23,400	23,400
	As at 1 st January	23,400	23,400	23,400	23,400
	Movement	•	-	-	-
	As at 31 st December	23,400	23,400	23,400	23,400
	Amortisation			-	_
	As at 1 st January	9,360	7,020	<i>9,360</i>	7,020
	Provision for the year	2,340	2,340	2,340	2,340
	As at 31 st December	11,700	9,360	11,700	9,360
	Carrying amount as at 31st December	11,700	14,040	11,700	14,040

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. Property, plant and equipment Group

	Land and Buildings	Furniture Fixtures & Fittings	Equipment	Computer Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Other Fixed Assets	Total
Cost/Valuation		€	——	€ -	€	€	$\overline{\epsilon}$
Cost variation							
As at 1st January 2013	76,979,678	12,704.268	11,592,262	1.358,417	323,381	12.155,677	115,113,683
Additions	1.570	1.054.509	567.078	64.365		6.795	1.694.317
Disposals	-	(443,511)	(47,465)	(2,428)	-	(1,681)	(495,085)
As at 1st January 2014	76,981,248	13,315,266	12,111,875	1,420,354	323,381	12,160,791	116,312,915
Additions	1,978	636,834	231,401	130 400			
Disposals	1,570	(478,297)	231,401 (605,159)	139,409	-	911	1.010.533
Receipt of grants	-	(170,277)	(71,427)	-	-	(4.160)	(1,087,616) (71,427)
						_	(/1,72/)
As at 31 st December 2014	76,983,226	13,473,803	11,666,690	1,559,763	323,381	12,157,542	116,164,405
Depreciation							
As at 1st January 2013	-	8,848,121	8,560,659	1,191,467	308,473	6,152,163	25,060,883
Depreciation charge	973,873	614,202	701,178	135,552	7,455	537,366	2,969,626
Eliminated on disposals	-	(346,849)	(40,478)	(2,377)	-	(1,163)	(390,867)
As at 1st January 2014	073 073	0.115.151					
As at 1 January 2014	973,873	9,115,474	9.221,359	1,324,642	315,928	6,688,366	27,639,642
Depreciation charge	973,922	668,439	719,412	85,396	5.090	531,042	2,983,301.
Eliminated on disposals	-	(394,211)	(559,978)	-	3,090	331,0 4 2	2.965,301, (954,189)
As at 31 st December 2014	1047.70						
As at 31" December 2014	1,947,795	9,389,702	9,380,793	1,410,038	321.018	7,219,408	29,668,754
Net Book Value As at 31 st December 2014	75,035,431	4,084,101	2,285,897	149,725	2,363	4,938,134	86,495,651
As at 1 st January 2014	76,007,375	4,199,792	2,890,516	95,712	7,453	5,472,425	88,673,273

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. Property, plant and equipment (continued) Company

	Land and Buildings	Furniture Fixtures & Fittings	Equipment	Computer Equipment	Motor Vehicles	Other Fixed Assets	Total
	€	€		——	€	€	
Cost/Valuation As at 1 st January 2013	71,324,619	11.718,865	11,150,017	1,283,438	316,568	12,151,203	107,944,710
Additions Disposals	1.570	1,054,509 (443,511)	567,079 (47,465)	64,365 (2,428)	-	6,795 (1,681)	1,694,318 (495,085)
As at 1st January 2014	71,326,189	12,329,863	11.669.631	1,345,375	316,568	12,156,317	109,143,943
Additions Disposals Receipt of grants	1,978 - -	636,834 (478,297) -	231,401 (605,159) (71,427)	139,409 - -		911 (4.160) -	1,010,533 (1,087,616) (71,427)
As at 31st December 2014	71,328,167	12,488,400	11,224,446	1,484,784	316,568	12,153,068	108,995,433
Depreciation							
As at 1st January 2013	-	8,060,369	8,242,310	1,118,566	302,409	6,149,171	23,872,825
Depreciation charge Eliminated on disposals	882,262 -	585.967 (346,849)	682,042 (40,478)	133,317 (2,377)	7,079 -	537,247 (1,163)	2,827,914 (390,867)
As at 1 st January 2014	882,262	8,299,487	8,883,874	1,249,506	309,488	6.685,255	26,309,872
Depreciation charge Eliminated on disposals	882,310 -	640,204 (394,211)	700,327 (559,978)	85,396 	4,714	530,923	2,843,874 (954,189)
As at 31st December 2014	1.764,572	8,545,480	9,024,223	1,334,902	314.202	7,216,178	28,199,557
Net Book Value As at 31 st December 2014	69,563,595	3,942,920	2,200,223	149,882	2,366	4,936,890	80,795,876
As at 1 st January 2014	70.443.927	4.030,376	2,785,757	95.869	7,080	5,471,062	82.834.071

On 31 December 2012, the directors approved revaluations of the property owned by the Group and classified under property, plant and equipment, after assessing the valuation made by an independent architect. This valuation was determined on the basis of open market valued after considering the intrinsic value of the property and net potential returns. The directors have reassessed the value of the property, plant and equipment owned by the group and believe that no impairment adjustment is required to the 2014 carrying amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Property, plant and equipment under development				
	Gro	up	Com	pany
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	€	€	€
As at 1 st January	-	-	-	-
Additions	7,634,254	-	7,634,254	-
As at 31st December	7,634,254	-	7,634,254	-

During the financial year ended 31 December 2014, the group commissioned works on new capital projects. The assets in course of construction at year end relate to works carried out on the development of the new Holiday Inn Express, the InterContinental Arena Conference Centre and the additional suites at InterContinental Malta.

13. Investment property

12.

	G	Group		Company	
	2014 €	2013 €	2014 €	2013 €	
As at 1st January	3,026,610	2,610,761	3,026,610	2,610,761	
Additions	220,805	415,849	220,805	415,849	
As at 31st December	3,247,415	3,026,610	3,247,415	3,026,610	
		·			

Investment property is valued annually on 31 December at fair value comprising open market value approved by the Directors on the basis of an independent professional valuation prepared by Group's architect.

14. Financial assets

Company	Shares in Group undertakings €	Shares in Associated undertakings €	Total €
At 1 st January 2013 Additions	2,575,110	575,048 25,000	3,150,158 25,000
Impairment	-	(25,000)	(25,000)
At 31 st December 2013	2,575,110	575,048	3,150,158
Additions Impairment	-	-	-
At 31 st December 2014	2,575,110	575,048	3,150,158

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. Financial assets (continued)

Shares in group and associated undertakings represent the following investments:

Group	Registered Address	Principal Activity	2014 % holdin	2013 g % holding
Eden Finance p.l.c.	Eden Place St. Augustine Street St. George's Bay	Finance company	99.99	99.99
Eden Entertainment Limited	Eden Place St. Augustine Street St. George's Bay	Entertainment operating compan	y 99.99	99.99
Eden Super Bowl Limited	Eden Place St. Augustine Street St. George's Bay	Entertainment operating compan	y 99.99	99.99
Eden Hospitality Limited	Eden Place St. Augustine Street St. George's Bay	Hotel management company	99.99	99.99
Associates				
Axis Limited	St. George's Road, St. Julians	Entertainment company	50.00	50.00
Sunny Resorts Limited	Eden Place St. Augustine Street St. George's Bay	Management property company	33.33	33.33
CLL Limited	5, Birbal Street, Balzan	Coffee Shop	25.00	25.00
Summarised financial informa	ation in respect of the Group's a	ssociates is set out below:		
			Gr	oup
			2014	2013
			€	ϵ
Opening net book value			721,778	722 240
Additions			721,776	722,249 25,000
Impairment			-	(25,000)
Share of losses of Associated u	indertakings (after tax)		(471)	(471)
Closing net book value			721,307	721,778
Net assets		2	,163,943	2,165,356
Group share of net assets			721,307	721,778

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. Financial assets (continued)

	Gr	oup	Com	ipany
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	€	€	€
Non-current				
As at 1 st January	116,363	265,881	116,363	265,881
Movement	32,637	348,482	32,637	348,482
Cancellation/Disposal	(149,000)	(498,000)	(149,000)	(498,000)
As at 31 st December	-	116,363	-	116,363
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	$oldsymbol{\epsilon}$	€	€
Current				
As at 1st January	614,340	822,105	614,340	822,105
Movement	(614,340)	(207,765)	(614,340)	(207,765)
As at 31 st December		614,340	-	614,340

These amounts represent investments that are readily convertible into cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

15. Inventories

		G	roup	Cor	npany
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		€	€	€	€
	Food, beverage and consumables	140,755	192,686	-	-
	Crockery and linen	1,068,816	995,945	1,056,938	984,067
	Other stocks	77,934	77,109	77,934	77,109
		1,287,505	1,265,740	1,134,872	1,061,176
16.	Trade and other receivables				
			roup		npany
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		€	€	€	€
	Trade receivables	2,009,911	2,342,095	73,356	46,754
	Amounts owed by related/group undertakings (i)	809,178	691,093	4,476,788	4,609,679
	Other receivables (ii)	512,113	1,402,003	333,081	1,333,603
	Prepayments and accrued income	247,386	275,456	159,682	155,768
		3,578,588	4,710,647	5,042,907	6,145,804

⁽i) Amounts due by related and group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

⁽ii) Prior year amounts include €1,147,500 which represents a non-refundable deposit paid on a promise of sale agreement. This agreement was honoured in the current year and the full value of the contract is included in additions to the property, plant & equipment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17. Deferred taxation

Deferred taxes are calculated on all temporary differences under the liability method using a principal tax rate of 35% / 12% (2013 - 35% / 12%).

The movement in the deferred tax account is as follows:

		Group	Co	ompany
	2014	2013	2014	2013
At the beginning of the year Movement in absorbed tax losses and	€ (6,918,876)	€ (6,609,587)	€ (7,457,175)	€ (6,981,776)
capital allowances Movement in effect of provisions	(656,148) (3,876)	(707,021) 8,174	(546,395)	(853,638)
Movement in the excess of capital allowances over depreciation Transfer of tax losses	219,751	389,558	209,236	378,239
Effect due to revaluation of assets	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	(7,359,149)	(6,918,876)	(7,794,334)	(7,457,175)
Effect recognised in: Deferred tax movements recognised in profit or loss (note 9)	(440,273)	(309,289)	(337,159)	(475,399)
·			(337,137)	
The following amounts are shown in the balance sheet		-		
	2014	Group 2013		mpany
	€	2013 €	2014 €	2013 €
Deferred tax assets Unabsorbed tax losses and capital allowances Effect of provisions	4,424,161 46,490	5,080,309 50,366	3,277,598	3,823,993 -
	4,470,651	5,130,675	3,277,598	3,823,993
Deferred tax liabilities Effect of excess of capital allowances over				
depreciation	(2,294,645)	(2,514,396)	(2,207,597)	(2,416,833)
Effect due to revaluation of assets	(9,535,155)	(9,535,155)	(8,864,335)	(8,864,335)
	(11,829,800)	(12,049,551)	(11,071,932)	(11,281,168)
	(7,359,149)	(6,918,876)	(7,794,334)	(7,457,175)
	(), ,,	(0,710,070)	(1,174,334)	(7,437,173)

On 18 November 2014 a Bill entitled "Act to implement Budget measures for the financial year 2015 and other administrative measures" was published by the Government of Malta in respect of revisions to the taxation rules on capital gains upon a transfer of immovable property that were announced by the Minister for Finance during the budget speech for the financial year 2015. The Bill does not as at year end have the substantive effect of actual enactment, consequently the deferred taxes have been calculated based on rates in effect prior to the measures' announcement. The effect of change in the taxation rules as published in the Bill would reduce the deferred tax liability in the Group to ϵ 5,758,771 with the difference which amounts to ϵ 1,589,193 recognized in equity and would reduce the deferred tax liability in the Company to ϵ 6,310,773 with the difference which amounts to ϵ 1,477,390 recognized in equity

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

g p	Group		Company	
Fair value	2014 €	2013 €	2014 €	2013 €
Financial liabilities classified as held for trading - Derivative financial instruments	598,880	745,935	598,880	745,935

Derivative financial instruments comprise interest-rate swaps and are classified with financial assets or financial liabilities classified as held for trading.

The notional principal amounts of the outstanding interest rate swap at the end of the reporting period amounted to $\in 9,000,000$ (2013: $\in 10,800,000$).

At the end of the reporting period, the fixed interest rates on interest rate swap is 3.11% per annum. The floating rate is the three-month EURIBOR. The interest rate swaps settle on a quarterly basis and the company settles the difference between the fixed and the floating interest rate.

19.	Trade and other payables	(Group	Company		
		2014	2013	2014	2013	
		€	€	€	€	
	Falling due within one year			·	_	
	Trade payables	4,141,240	4,177,808	142,624	145.847	
	Amounts owed to related/group undertakings (i)	322,280	586,933	1,506,262	1,541,195	
	Accruals	3,240,735	3,489,347	824,416	836,359	
	Advanced deposits and deferred income	1,037,136	1,119,485	20,131	52.107	
	Other payables	930,113	728,933	343,684	336,995	
		9,671,504	10,102,506	2,837,117	2,912,503	
	Falling due after more than one year					
	Other payables	274,176	501,102	16,509	9,201	
						

⁽i) Amounts owed to related and group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and are repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Interest - bearing borrowings

Total borrowings

20.

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	ϵ	€	€
Falling due within one year				
Bank overdrafts (i)	2,731,300	4.293.920	470,471	1,384,768
Bank loans (i)	3,267,318	2,347,929	3,170,553	2,256,030

(-)	4,751,500	7,273,720	7/0,7/1	1,304,700
Bank loans (i)	3,267,318	2,347,929	3,170,553	2,256,030
	5,998,618	6,641,849	3,641,024	3,640,798
Falling due after more than one year				
Bank loans (i)	21,822,796	17,728,900	21,156,522	16,967,243
Related company loans (ii)	-	-	13,806,583	13,922,829
Debt securities (iii)	13,806,583	13,922,829	-	-
	35,629,379	31,651,729	34,963,105	30,890,072

The bank loans and the debt securities/related party loans are disclosed at the value of the proceeds less the net book amount of the transaction costs as follows:

41,627,997

38,293,578

38,604,129

34,530,870

	G	roup	Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	€	€	€
Face value of bank loans				
Bank loans	25,136,273	20,131,643	24,373,234	19,278,087
Issue costs	(86,548)	(86,548)	(86,548)	(86,548)
Accumulated amortisation	40,389	31,734	40,389	31,734
Net book amount	(46,159)	(54,814)	(46,159)	(54,814)
Amortised cost	25,090,114	20,076,829	24,327,075	19,223,273
				
Face value of debt securities/related party loans				
Debt securities/Related company loans	13,984,000	14,133,000	13,984,000	14,133,000
Issue costs	(327,540)	(327,540)	(327,540)	(327,540)
Accumulated amortisation	150,123	117,369	150,123	117,369
Net book amount	(177,417)	(210,171)	(177,417)	(210,171)
Amortised cost	13,806,583	13,922,829	13,806,583	13,922,829
				

⁽i) The bank overdraft and bank loans are secured by general hypothecs and a special privilege over the Group's assets. The Group's and Company's banking facilities as at 31st December 2014 amounted to €6,198,790 (2013: €6,048,790) for the Group, and €3,350,000 (2013: €3,200,000) for the Company.

⁽ii) These represent funds raised by the bond issue which have been advanced to Eden Leisure Group Limited at an annual interest rate of 7.0% per annum. On 12th December 2014 the Company paid €149,000 towards the loan due to Eden Finance p.l.c.. The remaining loan is due for repayment in full on the 31st May 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20. Interest – bearing borrowings

(iii) This represents debt security, issued by Eden Finance p.l.c., amounting to an aggregate principal amount of €13,984,000 (2013: €14,133,000) Bonds (2017-2020), having a nominal value of €100 each, bearing interest at 6.6%. These bonds are unsecured pursuant and subject to the terms and conditions in the prospectus dated 10th May 2010. The quoted market price as at 31st December 2014 for the 6.6% Bonds 2017-2020 was €105.50 (2013:€103.60).

In accordance with the requirements of the prospectus, the Group is required to, with effect from the end of the financial year 2012, build a sinking fund the value of which will by the redemption date be equivalent to 50% of the value of the issued Bonds. This is expected to create a cash reserve from the guarantor's annual surplus to meet part of the redemption proceeds on the redemption date.

The sinking fund proceeds shall only be applied for the purpose of redeeming the equivalent amount of outstanding Bonds on the redemption date. Prior to the redemption date the Group may request the Custodian to use the proceeds of the sinking fund:

- a) for the purpose of buying back Bonds for cancellation in terms of section 6.9 of the Securities Note; or
- b) for investing in debt securities issued or guaranteed by any sovereign state within the Eurozone or which is a member of the OECD or other debt securities which are rate as AAA by a recognised international rating agency, without incurring exchange risk, at the lower of cost and market value; or
- c) for investing in as balanced and diversified a portfolio of assets as can reasonably be considered practicable by the Custodian in the then current market and overall economic conditions

On 5th December 2012 the Group engaged Charts Investment Management Services Limited as Sinking Fund Custodian. The Group cancelled the following bonds through a buyback of these bonds by Eden Finance p.l.c.:

- a) On 27th December 2012 the Group cancelled 3,690 bonds with a nominal value of €100 each.
- b) On 12th June 2013 the Group cancelled 4,980 Bonds with a nominal value of €100 each.
- c) On 12th December 2014 the Group cancelled 1,490 Bonds with a nominal value of €100 each.

	(Group.	Company	
·	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	€	€	$oldsymbol{\epsilon}$
Interest rate exposure:				
At floating rates	18,821,414	13,570,749	15,797,546	9,808,041
At fixed rates	22,806,583	24,722,829	22,806,583	24,722,829
Total borrowings	41,627,997	38,293,578	38,604,129	34,530,870
	5)	Group	Co	ompany
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Weighted average effective interest rates				
at the balance sheet date:	%	%	%	%
Bank overdrafts	3.51	3.42	5.00	3.43
Bank loans - variable rate	3.18	3.49	3.08	3.31
Bank loans – fixed rate swap	6.11	6.11	6.11	6.11
Bond issue/ related party loan	6.60	6.60	7.00	7.00
		Group	Co	ompany
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	€	€	€
Maturity of long term borrowings:				
Between 1 and 5 years	16,913,297	12,780,446	16,471,319	12,360,696
Over 5 years	18,716,082	18,871,283	18,491,786	18,529,376
	35,629,379	31,651,729	34,963,105	30,890,072

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21.	Called up issued share capital				
				Con	npany
				2014	2013
	A uthoused shows comited			€	€
	Authorised share capital 7,033,600 "A" Ordinary shares of €2.50 each			17 594 000	17 50 4 000
	6,966,400 "B" Ordinary shares of €2.50 each			17,584,000	17,584,000
	5,500,100 B Ordinary shares of 62.50 each			17,416,000	17,416,000
				35,000,000	35,000,000
				Com	pany
				2014	2013
	Issued and called-up share capital			€	ϵ
	7,033,600 "A" Ordinary shares of €2.50 each			17,584,000	17,584,000
	6,966,400 "B" Ordinary shares of €2.50 each			17,416,000	17,416,000
				17,410,000	17,410,000
				35,000,000	35,000,000
22.	Revaluation reserve		_		
			Group		npany
		2014 €	2013 €	2014 €	2013 €
		C	C	C	E
	As at 1 st January	7,498,263	16,914,408	5,903,982	15,292,700
	Depreciation on revalued buildings Share issue by way of capitalisation of	(416,145)	(416,145)	(388,718)	(388,718)
	revaluation reserve	•	(9,000,000)	-	(9,000,000)
	As at 31 st December	7,082,118	7,498,263	5,515,264	5,903,982

The revaluation reserve was created on the revaluation of the Group's and Company's property plant and equipment. The revaluation reserve is a non-distributable reserve.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

23. Dividends paid

- Para	Con	npany
	2014 €	2013 €
Final dividend Interim dividend	200,000	200,000 200,000
Total net dividend	200,000	400,000
Euro per share (net)	€ 0.014	€ 0.029

A net interim dividend of €200,000 in respect of the year ended 31st December 2014 was announced on 17th July 2014 and credited to the accounts of the ordinary shareholders on the same date. These interim dividends were paid out of taxed profits.

24. Cash and cash equivalents

	Group		Company	
	2014 €	2013 €	2014 €	2013 €
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Cash in hand and bank Bank overdraft	772,857 (2,731,300)	614,340 1,113,532 (4,293,920)	- 584,749 (470,471)	614,340 25,607 (1,384,768)
	(1,958,443)	(2,566,048)	114,278	(744,821)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

25. Related party transactions

During the course of the year the Group and the Company entered into transactions with related parties. These transactions have been carried at arm's length. The related party transactions in question were:

	Gr	oup	Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	€	€	ϵ
Turnover				
Operating fees	•	-	6,203,902	6,553,308
Use of property	-	-	69,881	69,881
Accounting services	27,600	27,600	-	· -
Other	-	-	5,600	6,300
	27,600	27,600	6,279,383	6,629,489
Other operating income				
Interest received from subsidiary	-	-	8,440	15,860
Other operating expenses				
Rent	23,000	26,500	23,000	26,500
Maintenance fees	-	-	32,400	30,000
	23,000	26,500	55,400	56,500
Finance costs				
Interest on other loans	-	-	988,962	1,005,288
				

Key management personnel compensation, consisting of directors' remuneration, has been disclosed in note 7 to the financial statements.

Amounts due from/to group and associates, in connection with sales and purchases transactions, are disclosed in notes 16 and 19. In the Company's books, amounts due to a subsidiary in connection with group financing activities are disclosed in note 20 to these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

26. Commitments

Capital expenditure

Commitments for capital expenditure not provided for in these financial statements are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	€	€	€
Authorised but not contracted	4,225,000	19,986	4,225,000	-
Contracted but not provided for	13,341,770	5,200,886	13,135,141	4,770,594

The above capital commitments will be financed through additional bank and other borrowings amounting to $\in 17.7$ m. As at the balance sheet date $\in 14.2$ m of these borrowings have been sanctioned by the lenders and $\in 3.5$ m are in process of negotiation.

Operating lease commitments where the Group company is a lessee

The future minimum operating lease payments under a non cancellable operating lease are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	€	€	€
Not later than 1 year	115,591	107,058	-	_
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	462,362	462,362	-	-
Later than 5 years	624,881	740,472	-	-
	1,202,834	1,309,892	-	-

Operating lease commitments where the Group company is a lessor

The future minimum operating lease payments under a non cancellable operating lease are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	€	€	€
Not later than 1 year	147,574	195,260	104,997	144,360
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	579,848	637,427	397,848	455,427
Later than 5 years	351,905	399,321	137,905	185,321
	1,079,327	1,232,008	640,750	785,108

27. Contingent liabilities

At 31st December 2014, the Group and Company had contingent liabilities in respect of:

- (i) Guarantees and performance bonds amounting to €46,867 (2013: €51,945) given to third party creditors.
- (ii) A guarantee amounting to €1,400,000 (2013: €1,800,000) in favour of HSBC in relation to the interest rate swap.
- (iii) A guarantee given in relation to a bid bond amounting to € 250,000 (2013: € 250,000).
- (iv) A garnishee amounting to € 37,000 (2013: € 37,000) in relation to a pending litigation.

At 31st December 2014, the Group had a further contingent liability in respect of a purchase guarantee for capital expenditure amounting to €70,063 (2013: €76,739).

At 31st December 2014 guarantees amounting to €3,366,013 (2013: €3,428.513) were given by the Company with regards to bank facilities of subsidiaries and other related parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28. Financial risk management

The Group's activities potentially expose it to a variety of financial risks on its financial assets and financial liabilities. The key components of financial risks to the Group are: cash flow interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises on its interest bearing borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates, comprising bank borrowings, expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's borrowings are subject to an interest rate that varies according to revisions made to the Bank's Base Rate. The Group has adopted a cautious risk policy with regards to interest rate fluctuation which has been mitigated with a 5 year Interest Rate Swap on 69,000,000 of its bank borrowing. The Directors monitor the level of floating rate borrowings as a measure of cash flow risk taken on. Interest rates on these financial instruments are linked with the Central Intervention Rate issued by the European Central Bank. Also debt securities, carried at cost, are issued at fixed rates and therefore, do not expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

Based on the above, the Directors consider the potential impact on profit or loss of a defined interest rate shift that is reasonably possible at the end of the reporting period keeping all other variables constant, to amount to +/-€190,000.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks, investments, as well as credit risk exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. The carrying amount of the financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Group		Company	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	€	€	€	€
Carrying amounts				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	730,703	-	730,703
Trade and other receivables	3,578,588	4,710,647	5,042,907	6,145,804
Cash at hand and in bank	772,857	1,113,532	584,749	25,607
	4,351,445	6,554,882	5,627,656	6,902,114

Other financial investments comprise debt securities issued by a Group Company as described in note 14, and therefore in the directors opinion do not attract credit risk.

Group companies bank only with local financial institutions with high quality standing or rating. The Group has no concentration of credit risk that could materially impact on the sustainability of its operations. However, in common with similar business concerns, the failure of specific large customers could have a material impact on the Group's results.

The Group assesses the credit quality of its customers taking into account financial position, past experience and other factors. It has policies in place to ensure that sales of services are effected to customers with an appropriate credit history in the case of credit sales.

Standard credit terms are in place for individual clients, however, wherever possible, new corporate customers are analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and service delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group's review includes external credit worthiness databases when available. The Group establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of trade and other receivables. This allowance represents specific provisions against individual exposures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28. Financial risk management (continued)

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are the following debtors which are past due at the reporting date for which the group has not provided as the amounts are still considered recoverable:

	Gr	Group	
	2014	2013	
	€	€	
91 – 120 days	284,136	182,399	
Over 120 days	747,349	525,075	
	1,031,485	707,474	

Included in the Group's impairment provision are individually impaired trade receivables which either have been placed into liquidation or which are in unexpectedly difficult economic situation:

	Gr	Group	
	2014	2013	
	€	€	
Local receivables	74,811	68,230	
Foreign receivables	58,018	75,674	
	132,829	143,904	

The Company's receivables also include advances to Group undertakings on which no credit risk is considered to arise.

Liquidity risk

The Group is exposed to liquidity risk in relation to meeting future obligations associated with its financial liabilities, which comprise principally trade and other payables and interest-bearing borrowings disclosed in notes 19 and 20. Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and committed credit lines to ensure the availability of an adequate amount of funding to meeting the Group's obligations.

The Directors monitor liquidity risk by means of cash flow forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows over a twelve month period, in order to ensure that adequate funding is in place in order for the Group to be in a position to meet its commitments as and when they will fall due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

28. Financial risk management (continued)

The table below analyses the Groups financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Group	
	2014	2013
Within one year	€	ϵ
Trade and other payables		
Bank borrowings	9,671,504	10,102,506
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	6,772,595	7,310,255
Debt securities	241,316	296,025
Deot securities	890,190	900,024
- -	17,575,605	18,608,810
Between 2 and 5 years	-	
Trade and other payables	274,176	501,102
Bank borrowings	18,457,408	14,378,808
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	538,074	538,080
Debt securities	3,560,760	3,600,096
-	22,830,418	19,018,086
	22,030,410	19,010,000
Over 5 years		
Bank borrowings	6,283,137	5,104,607
Debt securities	14,715,879	15,741,984
·	20,999,016	20,846,591
	61,405,039	58,473,487

Fair values

At 31 December 2014 and 31 December 2013 the carrying amounts of payables, receivables and short-term borrowings approximated their fair values due to the short-term maturities of these assets and liabilities. The fair values of long-term borrowings are not materially different from their carrying amounts.

29. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been changed to comply with this year's presentations.

30. Statutory information

Eden Leisure Group Limited is a limited liability Company and is incorporated in Malta.